



Grenada Regulating Hemp and CBD Products Policy

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Objective:

Our policy on regulating hemp and CBD products aims to establish clear guidelines for the production, sale, and consumption of these products to ensure consumer safety, product quality, and regulatory compliance within the legal framework of Grenada.

Policy Framework:

Definition of Hemp and CBD Products:

Hemp refers to cannabis plants and derivatives containing no more than 0.3% THC by dry weight, as defined within Grenada's legal framework. CBD (cannabidiol) products are derived from hemp and contain CBD as the primary active ingredient.

THC Limits for Hemp:

Hemp harvested for commercial purposes must contain THC levels below 1% by dry weight, in accordance with Grenada's regulatory standards. This threshold ensures compliance with local definitions of hemp and minimizes the risk of intoxication.

THC Limits for CBD Products:

CBD products derived from hemp must contain no more than 0.5% THC by volume to ensure product safety and regulatory compliance within Grenada. This limit mitigates the risk of psychoactive effects while allowing for the therapeutic benefits of CBD.

Ban on Delta 8 and Synthetic Cannabinoids:

The sale of delta 8 THC and other cannabinoids produced via the conversion of CBD, such as HHC (hexahydrocannabinol), delta 10 THC, and delta 11 THC, is prohibited within Grenada. This ban aims to prevent the sale of unregulated and potentially harmful products not naturally occurring in hemp.



Product Labeling and Testing:

Hemp and CBD products must be accurately labeled with information on CBD and THC content, ingredients, recommended dosage, and manufacturer details. Additionally, products must undergo third-party testing to verify potency, purity, and compliance with Grenada's regulatory standards.

Quality Control Measures:

Strict quality control measures must be implemented throughout the production and manufacturing process to ensure product safety and consistency. This includes adherence to good manufacturing practices (GMP) and sanitation standards to prevent contamination.

Retail Licensing Requirements:

Retailers selling hemp and CBD products must obtain appropriate licenses and permits from Grenada's regulatory authorities. These licenses ensure compliance with local regulations and provide oversight to prevent the sale of unauthorized products.

Consumer Education and Awareness:

Public education campaigns will be launched to inform consumers about the benefits and risks of hemp and CBD products, proper usage guidelines, and regulatory requirements within Grenada. This initiative aims to empower consumers to make informed decisions about their health and well-being.

Enforcement and Penalties:

Regulatory agencies will enforce compliance with hemp and CBD regulations through inspections, audits, and enforcement actions against violators. Penalties for non-compliance may include fines, license revocation, and other administrative sanctions.

Conclusion

Our policy on regulating hemp and CBD products establishes comprehensive guidelines to ensure the safety, quality, and legality of these products within Grenada's legal framework. By setting THC limits for hemp and CBD products, banning the sale of synthetic cannabinoids, implementing quality control measures, and promoting consumer education, we aim to create a regulatory framework that protects public health and fosters consumer confidence in the hemp and CBD industry.